Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A method of operating a device for treating sleep disordered breathing (SDB) during successive treatment sessions, wherein said device provides continuous positive airway pressure during sleep, the method comprising the steps of:

applying a constant treatment pressure during a first session;

deriving a sleep disorder index (SDI) representative of the number of SDB episodes that occurred during said first session;

determining if said treatment pressure should be increased based upon the derived SDI; and

increasing said treatment pressure during a second, subsequent session if it was determined during said first session that said treatment pressure should be increased.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein said SDI is an apnea hypopnea index (AHI) that represents the number of apnea and hypopnea events during said first session.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein an AHI event is determined when a short term moving average of ventilation drops below a selected percentage of a long term average for a minimum period of time.
- 4. The method of claim 3 wherein a hypopnea event is determined when said short term average drops between a first and a second percentage of said long term average for a minimum period of time.
- 5. The method of claim 2 wherein if said AHI is less than a minimum number, then said treatment pressure is lowered in a subsequent session.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the rate of increase in treatment pressure over successive sessions is greater than the rate of decrease in said treatment pressure over successive sessions.

7. The method of claim 2 wherein if said AHI is greater than a minimum number, then said treatment pressure is increased in a subsequent session.

- 8. The method of claim 2 wherein said treatment pressure is increased in a subsequent session by an amount that is a function of the magnitude of the derived AHI.
- 9. The method of claim 2 wherein said treatment pressure is increased only if said AHI was greater than a minimum number and said treatment pressure is less than a maximum value.
- 10. The method of claim 1 wherein an SDI event is determined when a short term moving average of ventilation drops below a selected percentage of a long term average for a minimum period of time.
- 11. The method of claim 1 wherein if said SDI is less than a minimum number, then said treatment pressure is lowered in a subsequent session.
- 12. The method of claim 11 wherein the rate of increase in treatment pressure over successive sessions is greater than the rate of decrease in said treatment pressure over successive sessions.
- 13. The method of claim 1 wherein if said SDI is greater than a minimum number, then said treatment pressure is increased in a subsequent session.
- 14. The method of claim 1 wherein said treatment pressure is increased in a subsequent session by an amount that is a function of the magnitude of the derived SDI.
- 15. The method of claim 1 wherein said treatment pressure is increased only if said SDI was greater than a minimum number and said treatment pressure is less than a maximum value.

16. A system for treating sleep disordered breathing (SDB) during successive treatment sessions, wherein the system provides continuous positive airway pressure during sleep, the system comprising:

a blower and a blower controller;

a mask for communicating pressurized air between said blower and a patient; and

sensors for communicating signals indicative of pressure and flow to said controller, wherein said controller:

controls a constant treatment pressure to be applied during a first session; derives a sleep disorder index (SDI) representative of the number of SDB episodes that occurred during said first session;

determines if an increase in treatment pressure is required based upon said derived SDI; and

controls an increase in said treatment pressure during a second, subsequent session if it was determined that an increase is required.

- 17. The system of claim 16 wherein said SDI is an apnea hypopnea index (AHI) that represents the number of apnea and hypopnea events that occurred during said first session.
- 18. The system of claim 17 wherein said controller determines an apnea event when a short term moving average of ventilation drops below a long term moving average of ventilation for a minimum period of time.
- 19. The system of claim 17 wherein said controller determines a hypopnea event when said short term average drops between a first and a second percentage of said long term average for a minimum period of time.
- 20. The system of claim 17 wherein if said controller determines that said AHI is less than a minimum number, then said treatment pressure is lowered in said subsequent session.

21. The system of claim 20 wherein a rate of increase of treatment pressure in successive sessions is greater than a rate of decrease of pressure in successive sessions.

- 22. The system of claim 17 wherein if said AHI was less than a minimum number, then said controller maintains said treatment pressure in said subsequent session.
- 23. The system of claim 17 wherein if said AHI was greater than a minimum number, then said controller increases said treatment pressure in said subsequent session.
- 24. The system of claim 17 wherein said controller increases said treatment pressure in said subsequent session by an amount that is a function of the magnitude of said derived AHI.
- The system of claim 17 wherein said controller increases said treatment pressure only if said AHI was greater than a minimum number and said treatment pressure was less than a maximum pressure.
- 26. The system of claim 16 wherein said controller determines an SDI event when a short term moving average of ventilation drops below a long term moving average of ventilation for a minimum period of time.
- 27. The system of claim 16 wherein if said controller determines that said SDI is less than a minimum number, then said treatment pressure is lowered in said subsequent session.
- 28. The system of claim 27 wherein a rate of increase of treatment pressure in successive sessions is greater than a rate of decrease of pressure in successive sessions.
- 29. The system of claim 16 wherein if said SDI was less than a minimum number, then said controller maintains said treatment pressure in said subsequent session.

30. The system of claim 16 wherein if said SDI was greater than a minimum number, then said controller increases said treatment pressure in said subsequent session.

- 31. The system of claim 16 wherein said controller increases said treatment pressure in said subsequent session by an amount that is a function of the magnitude of said derived SDI.
- 32. The system of claim 16 wherein said controller increases said treatment pressure only if said SDI was greater than a minimum number and said treatment pressure was less than a maximum pressure.